BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION.

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CHRONICLE-UNION.

ALEX. C. FOLGER. ROBT. M. FOLGER.

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For six months.....1 75
For three months.....1 00

OFFICE:

Corner of Bryant and School Streets. (Count House Block).

Notice.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—

ALL persons indebted to the ESTATE of the late JOHN HOYE, of Wellington, Nevada, are requested to settle such indebtedness on or before the 1st day of November, 1890, or such accounts will be placed in the hands of proper authorities for collection.

MRS. MARY HOYE.

Wellington, Lyon Co., Nevada, August 24th, 1890. s6-3m

Pasture.

D. M. & H. F. BARNETT ARE PREPARED to Feed and Shelter Stock during the Winter, at their Ranch in Antelope Valley, at reasonable rates. The hay is clear of "Foxtail," and consists of a mixture of wild grass and alfalfa. For further particulars,

Address,

s27-tf D. M. & H. F. BARNETT.

R. F. OSBORN & CO.,

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Hardware.

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THE GREAT CARRIAGE HOUSE

OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

MAXON & ACKLEY.

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30,000 of their Celebrated Open and Top Buggies, Phætons, Carriages, Sporting, Grocery and Fruit Wagons, have been sold and are now in use in California and Nevada, and give unfailing satisfaction.

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1864. 1890.

CHRONICLE-UNION,

THE PIONEER

On the Eastern Slope of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, in California.

The Oldest and Leading Paper in

MONO COUNTY.

THE RECOGNIZED OFFICIAL PRESS.

AND RELIABLE ADVERTISING MEDIUM OF THE COUNTY.

Published Saturdays at

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR.

SOME FAMOUS HYMNS.

Nearly All Great Religious Songs the Result of Inspiration.

It is more true, perhaps, of hymns than of any form of poetry that they owe their origin to some sudden inspiration that seldom is repeated, says the Chicago Tribune. The great "Te Deum," that pean of Christianity, is said to have been first sung at the baptism of St. Augustine. Certain it is that it was the first hymn which Columbus and his sailors sang when they set foot on the New World and planted the flag of Spain.

Thomas di Celano, a scholar of St. Francis, of Assisi, wrote "Dies Iræ." One of the best versions in English is that of Lord Roscommon, who died with two lines of it on his lips.

The "Veni, Sonate Spiritus" came from King Robert, of France.

They still show in Cornwall those features of the landscape which proved an inspiration to Wesley. He wrote many hymns, however, and this article has to do only with those who were obscure and had but one or two great moments of inspiration.

"Rock of Ages," a hymn which has been a great comfort to Christians, was written by Augustus Toplady in 1778. The author's life was a troubled one; his creed underwent changes; his temper was fiery. The better part of his nature seems to have blossomed forever in this hymn.

Bishop Heber wrote much besides the missionary hymn "From Greenland's Icy Mountain;" but it is by that that he will be chiefly remembered.

Joseph Hart, a native of London, where he was born in 1712, was the author of "Come Ye Sinners, Poor and Needy."

Sir Walter Shirley, an English Knight and preacher, who died in 1790, composed the beautiful hymn, known as "Sweet the Moments Rich in Blessing."

Dr. Timothy Dwight, one of the early presidents of Yale, wrote many ponderous and learned works on theology; but the reason why he will be longer remembered than many another theologian is that he was the author of "I Love Thy Kingdom, Lord."

"Nearer! My God, to Thee" was composed by Sarah Fuller Flower. She married a civil engineer named Adams in 1834. She died in 1849 at the age of forty-four, and lies buried near Harlow, in Essex.

John Keble, the eminent English divine, wrote many learned volumes. He lives in the affections of his countrymen, however, as the author of "Sun of My Soul, Thou Saviour Dear."

"Just as I Am, Without One Plea" was written by Miss Charlotte Elliott, of Clapham, Eng. How she came to compose it was curious. A clergyman asked her one day if she were a Christian. She replied that she felt unworthy to approach the Lord. "But come just as you are," suggested the clergyman. The words touched her and she put them in the form by which they are known to Christians all over the world. Miss Elliott died in 1871.

"I Would Not Live Alway" was written fifty years ago by Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg. It is a hymn which has comforted many mourners and given its author a lasting fame.

"Ninety and Nine," a hymn which was a great favorite with Moody and Sankey congregations, was written by Miss Elizabeth C. Clephane, a Scottish lady. Mr. Sankey supplied the music.

The "Lead, Kindly Light" of Dr. John Henry Newman (now Cardinal Newman) was written during a voyage to England. This hymn is said to be a great favorite with Queen Victoria. It seems to be loved equally by all Christian sects. Its venerable author is still living.

The late Matthew Arnold severely criticised those hymns of a Salvation Army order in which, however commendable may have been the intention of the author, the language descends to a vulgar plane. "Bad music and bad poetry in the end are dangerous," said Mr. Arnold. Among hymns that have been degraded to common-place uses is the "Sweet By and By." Its history is a curious one:

Prof. Joseph P. Webster, the author of the music, was at times subject to deep melancholy. Entering his office one day in one of his blue fits his partner, Bennett, asked him:

"What is the matter now?"

"No matter," was the answer; "it will be all right in the sweet by and by."

"Sweet by and by!" echoed Bennett. "That's a good sentiment for a hymn. I'll try it."

He turned to his desk, wrote three stanzas rapidly, and handed them to Webster. The latter was surprised and moved. He immediately made a draft of a musical staff and began to fill it with notes.

"Bennett," he said, "I've set music to your words; come, let us sing it."

And in a few weeks, throughout the length and breath of the country, old and young were singing "Sweet By and By."

Not Fallen So Low as That.

An English magazine, in an article on restaurants, tells of a New York speculator who came to grief and went to work as waiter in a cheap eating-house in that city. To this waiter's table came a broken-down, seedy-looking individual of an aristocratic, Fifth avenue, brown stone front type, sneaking in with every sign of being very much ashamed of himself. When the waiter arrived to take his order there was mutual recognition, and the new-comer murmured: "Great Scott, Thompson! you here?" The attendant showed no sympathy at all, but, drawing himself up haughtily, drily replied: "Yes, Jones, I wait here, but I don't *dine* here."

PRACTICAL INSURANCE.

The Novel Scheme of Co-Operation Invented by a Boston Genius.

A form of practical insurance against want is under advisement in this city, in which a large portion of the laboring people should be deeply interested, says the Boston Herald. A working-man is often thrown out of employment and reduced to great distress because he has little or no money laid by, and is unable to provide for his board and lodging while out of employment. It has been suggested that a people's mercantile company might be formed among themselves which would undertake to provide board and lodging with landlords at the rate of $4, $5 or $6 a week, on such terms that, after one month of regular payments, one week's board at half pay might be placed to the credit of the interested party, so that if he were out of work or sick, or otherwise disabled, he might not be brought to discomfort because he could not pay his board. At this rate in six months a man would be entitled to one and a half months' credit for board, and in one year to three months' credit for board, which, at half rates, would only cost him the price of one and a half months' board anywhere.

This plan, if it could be carried out, would be a great relief to hundreds of working people who are suddenly disabled or compelled to be idle. It would be impossible for anybody to fall rapidly in debt to such a company, and only in cases of extreme misfortune would persons be willing to surrender their certain insurance of food and lodging, which would grow larger as the years rolled by. A company of this kind would need to have a responsible backing in order to secure public confidence, but though it has never been attempted, it could easily be conducted on the basis which is common to similar undertakings. Payments would be made to landlords the same as now, and the company, after collecting a twenty per cent. discount every week for a month, could afford to give one week's credit and do business on that basis. The credits would not be transferable except by consent of the company of directors, and would be dealt with by them in the same manner as if they were a life insurance policy. When such a company was established its range of restaurants or lodging and boarding-houses would be such as to meet the wants of all classes of people. This is a system of co-operative effort, but it would be a company that could accumulate capital and increase its resources in proportion to its membership. It would thus be a safe investment for individuals without involving them in any personal responsibility beyond what their regular payments would demand.

This organization is not yet in existence, but it is one of the first practical suggestions for self-help which has sprung out of the movement for Christian socialism in Boston, and when it is properly developed and brought into shape it looks as if it might meet a present and pressing need among people who are not forehanded and are not accustomed to making investments for themselves.

ORIGIN OF BEN HUR.

How General Wallace Came to Write His Now Famous Novel.

Talking with an intimate friend of General Lew Wallace the other day, says a writer in the New York Star, I learned the true inspiration of his famous novel, "Ben Hur." "Wallace was on an Eastern-bound train," said my informant, "and while going through the drawing-room car he passed the open door of a compartment in which sat Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll. 'Come in,' said the latter. 'I'm lonely in here, and want some one to chat with.' Wallace entered, and seated himself. 'All right, Colonel,' he said, 'what shall we chat about?' 'Lots of things,' replied Ingersoll. 'Is there a future life?' Looking out of the window dreamingly, as the express sped on, he answered his own query. 'I don't know—do you? Is there a God? I don't know—do you? Was Christ the son of God? I don't know—do you?' He paused and looked keenly at Wallace. The General was a little embarrassed by the abruptness of the great infidel's interrogatories. He replied: 'Really, Ingersoll, I have never given much thought or study to the questions you propound. I had a Christian training, and I have always tacitly accepted them.' 'Indeed?' said Colonel Ingersoll. 'Why, man, you surprise me! They are vital issues. I have studied the subject thoroughly. Every man ought to. Now, take my advice and look into the matter. You'll find you'll agree with me.' 'I went away from this interview both embarrassed and mortified,' said the General, 'that I did not feel competent to discuss so important a matter with so learned a thinker. I made up my mind that I would never place myself again in so embarrassing a situation. I took down my books, and read every authority I could lay my hands on. After a year's study, so far from agreeing with the great agnostic in his expressed opinions, I wrote 'Ben Hur.' That is my reply to him!'"

She Was Too Fascinating.

The proprietress of a cafe on the Boulevard des Italiens recently said to a young and impecunious journalist: "This is the sixth time you have been here without saying a word about the money you owe me, monsieur! What am I to understand by it?" "Ah, madame," said the witty journalist, "when one sees you one forgets every thing."

THE GIRL WHO WOOS.

Treat Your Sweetheart Much as You Would an Invalid.

I may as well be frank at once and say I do not like the maid who does the wooing, says the Ladies' Home Journal. She is usurping the privilege of her knight, and if I were he I should turn and flee. "But," says Ethilinda, "he needs encouragement!" Perhaps he does. But not too much of it. When you want to give an invalid something to increase his appetite you do not offer to eat for him; instead you offer a dainty bit, a little spice or a little acid that quickens the taste and makes a great hunger come. Treat your sweetheart in the same way. Let him be conscious that you are pleased with his liking; but do not for a minute take away his prerogative and do the wooing. No man has a true appreciation for good things too easily obtained. Man is yet a little bit of a savage, and the hunt is always a delight to him. Your eyes may reflect his love, but they need not announce yours first, thereby sending out an invitation. My dear girl, ask almost any man you know what his favorite flower is, and, after he has thought, he will tell you either the violet or the rose. One grows surrounded and protected by green leaves, and to get it perfect—that is, with a stem—you have to reach down and pluck it carefully, but in a determined way. The other is guarded by sharp thorns, and though it stands up in a most dignified way, it resists, except by its encouraging sweetness, the one brave enough to take it from the parent tree. You can learn a good lesson in a flower garden; you see the hollyhocks plant and know that they are the forward beauties of the world of flowers, you see the lilies with their bowed heads, and are convinced that beauty without faith is of little worth; you are aware of a dainty perfume, and know the little lady, whose qualities surpass her charms—the mignonette—is near; you can see the masculine girl in "Johnny-jump-ups"; you can see the positive one in the gaudy sunflower; you can see the aggressive one in the scarlet geranium, and you can think of them all and conclude this, the ones worth having, sweet of perfume and restful in color, are not the ones that protrude themselves on your vision, and say, as do some flowers and some maidens: "Take us."

HINT FOR SHOPPERS.

How Franklin Surprised a Customer Who Wasted His Time.

One morning when Benjamin Franklin was busy in the press-room on his newspaper, a lounger stepped into the book-store and spent an hour or more in looking over the books. Finally he seemed to settle upon one, and asked the clerk the price.

"One dollar," the clerk answered.

"One dollar," echoed the lounger; "can't you take less than that?"

"One dollar is the price," the clerk answered.

The would-be purchaser looked over the books awhile longer and then inquired: "Is Mr. Franklin in?"

"Yes, he's busy in the printing office," the clerk replied.

"Well, I want to see him," said the man.

The clerk told Mr. Franklin that a gentleman was in the store, waiting to see him. Franklin soon appeared and the stronger said:

"What is the lowest, Mr. Franklin, that you can take for that book?"

"One dollar and a quarter," was the prompt answer.

"One dollar and a quarter! Why, your clerk asked me only a dollar just now."

"True," replied Franklin, "and I could have better afforded to take a dollar than to leave my work."

The man seemed surprised and, wishing to end a parley of his own seeking, said: "Well, come now, tell me your lowest price for this book."

"One dollar and a half."

"A dollar and a half! Why, you offered it yourself for a dollar and a quarter."

"Yes," said Franklin, coolly, "and I had better have taken that price then, than a dollar and a half now."

This was a way of trade which took the man quite by surprise. Without a word he laid the money on the counter, took his book and left the store.

A Grave-Yard Curiosity.

In New London, Conn., there is a lot in the city cemetery containing five graves, those of a man and his four wives. The women's graves form four sides of a square, the man reposing in the center, while the inscriptions are as follows:

Diamonds Departing.

The most prominent jewelers now admit that even the diamond solitaire earring has almost departed. Many fashionable women with earrings worth a fortune no longer wear them, but have the stones reset in hair ornaments, brooches or bracelets. Possibly the fashion will never be revived. The antiquarian in the twenty-fifth century may note, as a distinct advance in civilization, the date when women ceased to bore their flesh to insert ornaments.

CHRONICLE-UNION

BRIDGEPORT, NOVEMBER 1. 1890.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

Official Press.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

JOHN F. UHLHORN, Manager of the Central & Northern California Press Association, No. 325 Bush, corner of Montgomery street.

G. H. KELLOGG, 320 Pine street.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR,

HENRY HARRISON MARKHAM.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
JOHN B. REDDICK.

SECRETARY OF STATE,
E. G. WAITE.

STATE TREASURER,
J. R. McDONALD.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL,
W. H. H. HART.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL,
THEODORE REICHERT.

STATE CONTROLLER,
E. G. COLGAN.

CHIEF JUSTICE,
W. H. BEATTY.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES,
C. H. GAROUTTE,
R. C. HARRISON,
J. J. DeHAVEN—Short Term.

CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
L. BROWN.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
J. W. ANDERSON.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER, THIRD DISTICT
JAMES W. REA.

STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. R. HEBRON.

CONGRESSMAN—SIXTH DISTRICT,
W. W. BOWERS.

STATE SENATOR—34TH DISTRICT,
C. L. WALTER.

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY—72d DISTRICT
FRANK E. HUNEWILL.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SUPERIOR JUDGE,
WILLIAM H. VIRDEN.

SHERIFF AND TAX-COLLECTOR,
WILLIAM STEWART.

COUNTY CLERK, AUDITOR AND RECORDER
JOHN D. MURPHEY.

ASSESSOR,
JOHN J. WELCH.

TREASURER,
JOSEPH A. BROWN.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
H. M. EDDY.

CORONER AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR,
D. M. WALTERS.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
CORNELIA RICHARDS.

SURVEYOR.
J. G. THOMPSON.

SUPERVISORS,
First District—WM. H. SHIMMIN,
Third District—WATKIN MORGAN.
Fifth District—HENRY A. PITTS.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE,

Antelope Township—GEO. CHICHESTER
Benton Township—JOHN KING.
Benton Township—JOHN TUCKER.
Bodie Township—ROBERT BOYLE.
Bodie Township—G. H. MOYLE.
Bridgeport Township—THOMAS FALES.
Bridgeport Township—FRANK HANSON.
Vernon Township—CHAS. H. CURRIE.

CONSTABLES,

Antelope Township—WM. RADLEY.
Benton Township—WM. LYNCH.
Benton Township—J. H. McCABE.
Bodie Township—H. C CURRAN.
Bodie Township—GEORGE HATCHEL.
Bridgeport Township—E. GURNEY.

In 22 years the Order of United Workmen has increased from 13 members to 250,000 in the United States, California being credited with 18,000. The Bee says the Order has disbursed in twelve years in Sacramento alone $100,000.

John L. Stillman has been convicted of the murder of John D. Fiske at Fresno, and life imprisonment recommended. Thomas P. Ryan, formerly of Bodie, was one of Stillman's counsel.

The new City Hall in San Francisco has cost $86,914,652 20, and it will cost $1,000,000 more to complete it. The taxpayers of that city have something to point at as the fruits of Buckley rule in that city.

A blast in the Young America mine, Sierra City, on Saturday night last, severely injured two men named Wade and McDonald.

A brush fire on Goat Island on Sunday last destroyed considerable Government property.

H. C. Wilson, of Tehama, has declined the nomination of Governor tendered by the so-called labor party.

OUR NEXT GOVERNOR.

The tour of Colonel Markham through the State has been a remarkable one, as he has met with grand receptions at every place and leaves hosts of friends behind him who will give him a cordial support on election day. As the decisive day approaches the Democracy are put to their wits end to find some way to turn the tide that is so surely carrying Henry Harrison Markham into the State Capitol; and in their great straits they are resorting to the same despicable practices they indulged in a few days before the Garfield election, when they sprung the Morey forged letter on the people of this State, and to the truth of which they swore themselves blue until the result they desired was accomplished—the defeat of Garfield in this State. At this late day they have started another forged letter, intending to effect the Irish-Republican vote. The letter has been shown to be another Democratic forgery, and Col. Markham has publicly denounced it as such, but the Democratic papers continue to flaunt the forgery before the people as they did the damnable Morey letter.

In this campaign the Democracy claim much through the popularity of Mayor Pond in San Francisco. Pond has never been as popular as Mayor Bartlett was, and yet Bartlett beat Swift only 652 votes, and Swift had the bulk of the American party vote against him. Swift did not enjoy the popularity in the Southern counties that Markham does, and the Republican vote has been greatly increased in the past four years throughout the entire Southern belt, so Mr. Pond is not going to have a walk over, as the Democratic papers and orators would have us believe.

Col. Markham is adding strength to his ticket wherever he goes, and there is no doubt of his election by a handsome majority; and also the entire Republican ticket.

California is Republican by 10,000 majority; and this is acknowledged by all fair minded Democrats, and the Examiner, and they only hope to elect Pond through his supposed popularity in San Francisco, but they have no hopes of electing any one else on their ticket. Every Republican should vote the straight ticket, from Markham to Road Overseer.

A SOLID REPUBLICAN FRONT WILL WIN

The Republicans of Mono county never had a better ticket to vote than that to be balloted on Tuesday next, and there are no good reasons why it should not be elected, as no Democrat can be elected without Republican votes; hence a solid Republican front will win by from 120 to 140 majority. Who has a claim upon the dominant party of Mono, the man who voted for Harrison and Protection, or the one who voted for Cleveland and the so-called Tariff Reform? Certainly not the latter! The importance of electing C. L. Walter to the Senate, and Frank E. Hunewill to the Assembly cannot be too strongly impressed upon the party. The election of one United States Senator by the Assembly of which Hunewill should be a member; and the election of two by the Senate of which Walter should be a member, is a National question—far above local issues. And the same will apply to the apportionment of the State into Congressional, Senatorial and Assembly Districts by the Legislature next Winter. Of course, the Republicans of Mono would prefer to have their county placed by a Republican Legislature. They do not care to be manipulated into Democratic Districts. To prevent this, vote for Walter and Hunewill for the Legislature. Of the Senate, 16 Republicans and 4 Democrats hold over. A gain of three from the sixteen Democratic Districts will give the Senate to the Republicans. The Republicans are confident of carrying a number of the Districts, one of which is this, and we think they will capture it.

What a lonesome man Curtis, the Democratic candidate for Congress in this—the Sixth—District must be. After the election it will be difficult to convince him he has been running.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE
TO
TAX PAYERS.

THE TAX PAYERS OF MONO COUNTY, California, are hereby notified that the Assessment Roll of Mono County, California, has been delivered to me by the Auditor, and that State and County Taxes for the year 1890 are now due and payable, and will become delinquent on the 20th day of December, 1890, at 6 o'clock, P. M., and unless paid prior thereto five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof, and the law in regard to the collection of taxes will be strictly enforced in compliance with the statutes.

From this date I will be at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Bridgeport, Mono County, California, where payment of taxes must be made.

☞ A change in the law passed by the last Legislature makes the State and County taxes payable only at the office of the Tax Collector.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1890.

M. J. CODY,
n1 Sheriff and Tax Collector of Mono Co.

THE
CHRONICLE-UNION
IS THE
PIONEER JOURNAL
OF THE EASTERN SLOPE OF THE
SIERRA NEVADA MOUNTAINS,
IN CALIFORNIA.

Cleaning Russet Shoes.

Do you of the russet shoes know how to clean the leather and restore it to its first estate? Of course you have tried the varnish and washes and found them, altogether vexation of spirit. And the real thing is so easy when you know about it. Just squeeze the juice of a lemon on a bit of soft cloth, give the leather a thorough treatment with this, and see if your shoes don't look as well as they did when you bought them.

South America's Wind Flower.

A flower has been discovered in South America which is only visible when the wind blows. The shrub belongs to the cactus family and is about three feet high. The stem is covered with dead, warty-looking lumps in calm weather. These lumps, however, need but a slight breeze to make them unfold large flowers of a creamy white, which close and appear as dead as soon as the wind subsides.

The Cause of Death.

People are laughing at a doctor in a little village in Pennsylvania who, in filling out a certificate of death, inadvertently wrote his own name in the blank space reserved for "cause of death."

NEW TO-DAY.

Delinquent Sale Notice.

STERLING MINING COMPANY.

Location of Principal Place of Business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Jordan Mining District, Mono County, California.

NOTICE—There are delinquent upon the following described Stock, on account of Assessment (No. 1) levied on the 16th day of September, 1890, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective Shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Shares.	Amt.
Cassell John F.	6	5	$ 30
Kent D M	5	5	30
Kent D M, Trustee	9	10345 5-9	632 73½
Kent D M, Trustee	10	10555 5-9	633 03½
Kent D M, Trustee	11	10555 5-9	633 33½
Kent D M, Trustee	12	10555 5-9	633 33½
Kent D M, Trustee	13	10555 5-9	633 33½
Kent D M, Trustee	14	10555 5-9	633 33½
Kent D M, Trustee	15	10555 5-9	633 33½
Kent D M, Trustee	16	5277 7-9	316 66⅔
Kent D M, Trustee	20	2000	120 00
Kent D M, Trustee	21	2000	120 00
Kent D M, Trustee	23	500	30 00
Kent D M, Trustee	24	2634	158 04
Kent D M, Trustee	25	7911 5-9	474 69½
Roberts Stephen	1	5	30
Rutherford A H	2	5	30
Tichenor James F	3	5	30

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 16th day of September, 1890, so many shares of each parcel of such Stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Office of the Company, Rooms 18 & 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1890,

at the hour of One o'clock, P. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

D. M. KENT, Secretary.

OFFICE—Rooms 18 and 19, No. 330 Pine Street San Francisco, California. n1td

Delinquent Sale Notice.

MONTECITO MINING COMPANY.

Location of Principal Place of Business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Jordan Mining District, Mono County, California.

NOTICE—There are delinquent upon the following described Stock, on account of Assessment, (No. 1) levied on the 16th day of September, 1890, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective Shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Shares.	Amt.
Kent D M, Trustee	13	6400	$640 00
Kent D M, Trustee	14	6400	640 00
Kent D M, Trustee	15	6400	640 00
Kent D M, Trustee	16	6400	640 00
Kent D M, Trustee	23	300	30 00
Kent D M, Trustee	24	1250	125 00
Kent D M, Trustee	25	1000	100 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 16th day of September, 1890, so many shares of each parcel of such Stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the office of the Company, Rooms 18 & 19, 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1890,

at the hour of 1:15 o'clock P. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

D. M. KENT, Secretary.

OFFICE—Rooms 18 and 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California. n1-td

Delinquent Sale Notice.

GOLETA MINING COMPANY.

Location of Principal Place of Business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Jordan Mining District, Mono County, California.

NOTICE—There are delinquent upon the following described Stock, on account of Assessment, (No. 1) levied on the 16th day of September, 1890, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective Shareholders, as follows:

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Kent D M, Trustee	16	6400	640 00
Kent D M, Trustee	23	300	30 00
Kent D M, Trustee	24	1250	125 00
Kent D M, Trustee	25	1000	100 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 16th day of September, 1890, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Office of the Company, Rooms 18 & 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1890,

at the hour of 1:30 o'clock P. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

D. M. KENT, Secretary.

OFFICE—Rooms 18 and 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California. n1td

---

For Supervisor—Fifth District.

JOSEPH CARNEY,

Of Antelope.

W. A. R. LOOSE,

ASSAYER AND

MTEALLURGIST.

BODIE, CALIFORNIA.

EVERYBODY
READS THE
CHRONICLE-UNION—$3 PER YEAR

MEDICAL.

A sea-serpent, 103 feet long, was seen to coil itself up in slippery folds on the coast of Florida last month. Three reliable persons saw this creature distinctly.

Reader, the above is a "yarn." If people would believe the following truthful statement as readily as they swallow sea-serpent stories, it would be the means of saving thousands of lives. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, if taken in time and given a fair trial, will actually cure consumption of the lungs, which is really scrofulous disease. If this wonderful medicine does not do all we recommend, when taken as directed, we will cheerfully and promptly return all money paid for it. Can any offer be more generous or fair? No other medicine possesses sufficient power over that fatal malady—Consumption, to warrant its manufacturers in selling it under such trying conditions. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not only the most wonderful alterative, or blood-cleanser, known to medical science, but also possesses superior nutritive and tonic, or strength-giving properties, which assist the food to digest and become assimilated, thus building up both strength and flesh. For all cases of Bronchial, Throat and Lung Diseases, accompanied with lingering coughs, it is absolutely unequaled as a remedy. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, and kindred affections, it surpasses all other medicines.

$500 REWARD is offered by the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, for a case of Catarrh in the Head which they cannot cure. By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases, no matter how bad, or of how long standing. Fifty cents, by druggists.

POLITICAL CARDS.

C. L. WALTER,

Regular Republican

Nominee for

STATE SENATOR.

34th Senatorial District.

O. F. HAKES,

Candidate for

SUPERIOR JUDGE.

WM. H. VIRDEN,

Republican Candidate

for

SUPERIOR JUDGE.

WM. STEWART,

Republican Candidate

for

SHERIFF and TAX

COLLECTOR

M. J. CODY,

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR

SHERIFF AND TAX

COLLECTOR.

JOHN D. MURPHEY,

Republican Candidate

for

COUNTY CLERK,

AUDITOR. AND

RECORDER.

JOSEPH A. BROWN,

Republican Candidate

for

COUNTY TREASURER

John J. Welch,

REPUBLICAN

CANDIDATE FOR

ASSESSOR.

ALICE M. HAYS,

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR

SUPERINTENDENT

OF SCHOOLS.

Cornelia Richards,

Republican Candidate

for

SUPERINTENDENT

of

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

HOMER E OSBORN,

GENERAL BROKER IN

Merchandise, Fire, Life and

Accident Insurance,

510 California Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

MEDICAL.

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the sovereign remedies of the World.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Eryspelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	1.00
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	1.00
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Dr. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages) richly bound in cloth and gold, mailed free. Humphreys' Medicine Co. 109 Fulton St. N. Y.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC
SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for

Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,

and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—Humphreys' Medicine Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Quick Time and Cheap Fares
To Eastern and European Cities,
VIA the Great Trans-continental all-rail Routes
—OF THE—

Southern Pacific Company.

(PACIFIC SYSTEM.)

Daily Express Trains make prompt connections with the several Railway lines in the East,
AND AT
NEW YORK and NEW ORLEANS
With the several Steamer Lines to
ALL EUROPEAN PORTS.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
—AND—
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS
attached to Overland Express Trains.

☞ Tickets sold, Sleeping-Car Berths secured and proper information given upon application at the Company's Offices, where passengers calling in person can secure choice of routes, etc.

Orders Sold at Lowest Rates for tickets for passage from Europe and Eastern Cities to any point in the Pacific States and Territories. These Orders, if not used, will be redeemed at the full amount paid therefor.

RICH'D GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager. T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

RAILROAD LANDS

For Lands in Central and Northern California, Oregon, Nevada and Utah, apply to or address
W. H. MILLS, Land Agent, C. P. R. R.
SAN FRANCISCO.

For Lands in Southern California, apply to or address
JEROME MADDEN, Land Agent, S. P. R. R
SAN FRANCISCO.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the
EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD
are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams, half-price.	

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the
BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD
are as follows:

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams half-price.	

SEWING MACHINES.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Pacific Department—Distributing Office,
725 Market Street, History Building,
SAN FRANCISCO.

HOTELS.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

Main street,

BODIE.....CAL.

N. W. BOYD,.....Proprietor

THE ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first-class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.

THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS,

Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.

Very Best Attention, as well as the Best Accomodations

HOT SPRINGS HOTEL.

SAMUEL FALES.....Proprietor

JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONORA WAGON ROADS,

(65 miles from Sonora and 80 from Bodie),

MONO COUNTY, CAL.

This well-known and popular Summer Resort is pleasantly situated on the eastern slopes of the Sierra Nevada Mountains amid wild and picturesque scenery, which offers superior inducements for tourists. The best of accommodations for families, the rooms being large and airy. For invalids the

STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Good Fishing in Walker River.

Commodious Stabling. my22-tf

BARNETT'S HOTEL,

COLEVILLE, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,

(Telope Wagon Road, 50 miles from Carson City and 54 from Bodie).

D. M. BARNETT.....Proprietor

The hotel is new, commodious, and pleasantly situated suppli

The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

The BAR is supplied with the best of Wines Liquors and Cigars.

Stabling and Blacksmith shop connected with the house. 3-41

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. S. MINER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal.

Will practice in all the Courts of California and Nevada. Mining litigation will receive special attention. je14-tf

---

W. H. VIRDEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

BRIDGEPORT, MONO CO., CAL.

Will practice in all the Courts of the States of California and Nevada.

Land, Mining, and Water Rights, a specialty.

OFFICE—Opposite the Leavitt House. my31

W. O. PARKER, Bridgeport, Cal. P. W. BENNETT, Stockton, Cal.

BENNETT & PARKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. je12-tf

FRANK P. WILLARD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BODIE, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

☞ Water Rights, Land and Mining Litigation a specialty. d7-3m

---

CHARLES L. HAYES,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

OFFICE—Court House. ap26-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. G. HUGHES,

BLACKSMITH AND

WAGON MAKER,

BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

HORSE AND OX SHOEING,

AND GENERAL JOBBING

PIONEER SALOON,

CORNER OF COURT HOUSE BLOCK AND MAIN STREET,

BRIDGEPORT.

☞ Refitted and furnished with the BEST of everything required in a First-Class Saloon

an2-tf F. M. RICHARDSON.

BRIDGEPORT SALOON.

CORNER OF MAIN AND SINCLAIR STREETS BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

☞ This SALOON has been refitted, and is stocked with the BEST of WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS; And will be conducted first-class.

s21-tf B. L. SIMMONS, Proprietor.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, NOVEMBER 1, 1890.

Official Press.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

Misses Ella Hughes and Bertha Murphey have gone to Bishop to spend the Winter.

A. F. Bryant returned from Carson this noon, accompanied by his nephew, W. Searles, and wife, of San Francisco.

THE BODIE MINES.

BODIE.

John W. Kelly, Superintendent.

October 31.

The breaking of the cam shaft suspended milling operations for three days. Ore is being stoped from the 700 level, 500 Jupiter level and above 400 old Bodie shaft.—During the week, $15,532 93 were shipped.

THE STANDARD.

Arthur Macy, Superintendent.

October 31.

During the week have made important connections on the 400 level and 500 incline level—the former a cross-cut connecting with a long upraise from 500 foot level, and giving two stopes on the same ledge. Grade of ore has improved some. A car load, 20,056 of concentrations, valued at $1,000; was shipped on Wednesday. At end of week will clean up for monthly bullion shipment. Snowshed is being constructed over tramway running from Bulwer Tunnel to old Standard Mill.

NOT SO GREEN.—The Democrats are making a special plea for Republican votes for the Democratic Assemblyman, on the ground that it will make no difference to the people of this Assembly and Senatorial District as to who is elected United States Senator That don't go. The Republicans of Alpine Inyo and Mono are not such fools as to vote for Goucher and Eldred, and perhaps elect a Democrat to the U. S. Senate. We are aware that the Republicans have done some very foolish voting heretofore, but they propose to stand by their ticket on Tuesday next.

A SMASH UP.—On Saturday last A. F. Bryant took a party of ladies and gentlemen out to the Buckeye Hot Springs, and while they were enjoying the luxury of their annual bath the horses got untied and took a spin down the hill, arriving at the bath house without the wagon, which had been upset and left, badly demoralized. The wreck was tied up enough to enable Capt. Bryant to get to port with his passengers. A new wagon has been ordered from San Francisco.

THE DANCE.—The ball given at Henry Williams, Sweetwater, last night was largely attended, all this section being well represented. The music by Hayes and Sheridan, of Bridgeport, and Miss Celia Roach, was excellent, and a fine supper was served at midnight. Everything passed off very pleasantly.

Honest taxpayers are asked to vote against and defeat William Stewart for Sheriff because he voted in favor of reducing a rascally printing bill $50. For that act he is called "no business man, and a poor Supervisor" by the Bodie sorehead.

DELINQUENT SALES.—Under "New To-day" will be found the delinquent sale notices of the Goleta, Montecito and Sterling Mining Companies, of Jordan District; the sales of delinquent stock to take place November 24th.

HE IS AROUND.—The campaign liar is getting his work in, but he will find that he is injuring his clients. Candidates who are required to have known liars to bolster them up ought to be downed.

STUDY THEM.—The election officers will do well to study the new election laws, as there are radical changes in the method of canvassing the votes.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. S. W. Albone will hold services in the School House to-morrow at 11 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

TAXES.—In another column will be found the notice of Tax Collector Cody that State and County Taxes are due, and must be paid at his office.

FIRE.—On Tuesday evening, at Lundy, the residences of John Becker and Louis S. Amiot were burned to the ground—supposed to be incendiarism.

On Tuesday next the polls open at sunrise and close at five o'clock.

THE BUCCANEERS OF OLD

Flaunted the skull and cross bones, their ensign, defiantly at the masthead. Your modern pirate, not on the high seas, but upon the high reputation of standard remedies skulks under various disguises. His hole and corner traffic has never to any degree affected Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, although that standard invigorant and corrective has long been the shining mark at which his shafts have been directed. Cheap local bitters, composed of fiery unrectified stimulants, with an infusion, or extract possibly, of some tonic bark, are still sometimes recommended as identical with, or similar to, or possessing virtues kindred to those of America's chosen family medicine. These perish speedily, while the great subduer and preventive of disease pursues its successful career, overcoming malaria, dyspepsia, nervousness, kidney troubles, constipation and rheumatic ailments, not only on this, but on many continents.

THE WRONG SIDE.—Through an oversight we neglected to mention a pleasant call the CHRONICLE-UNION office had last week from J. R. Eldred, Sheriff of Inyo county, and the Democratic candidate for the Assembly from this District. Mr. Eldred is a very pleasant, intelligent gentleman, but unfortunately belongs to the wrong party in this campaign. He has had legislative experience, having been in the Nevada Legislature of 1878, being one of 13 Democrats out of 75 members of that notorious body of legislators—probably one of the worse Legislatures Nevada ever had. He resided then in Esmeralda county, Nev. Since then he has resided in Inyo county, and served a term as Supervisor, and is now Sheriff of that county. He realizes the fact that he is running in a strong Republican District and against a talented young man who is the representative of the party of progress and the friend of the mechanic and working man; and that the pending election of a U. S. Senator, for whom the next Assemblyman will vote, will prevent him receiving any Republican votes—unless given through a warm personal friendship. We submit that Democrats do not vote for Republican candidates for Legislature when a Senator is to be elected, and why should they ask and expect Republicans to vote for a Democrat under like circumstances? Mr. Eldred is entitled to his full party vote and will undoubtedly receive it—and F. E. Hunewill will receive the full Republican vote. His Democratic friends count on his polling a large vote in Inyo because he carried that Republican county for Sheriff. Democrats have been elected to office in Mono county by large majorities, but not one could have been elected to the Assembly—particularly when United States Senators are to be elected, and the Assembly and Senatorial Districts are to be reconstructed, as will be the case this next Winter.

GIVE US SOMETHING!—Our Democratic fellow citizens, who are in a large minority in this county, should not expect to take all the important offices every two years and let the Republicans stay out in the cold. Two years ago the Republicans of this county elected Democrats to the three important offices in their gift—Superior Judge O. F. Hakes, Sheriff M. J. Cody and District Attorney C. L. Hayes. Judge Hakes, by appointment and election, has served four years, receiving therefor the sum of $12,000. Sheriff Cody will have received at the end of this year the grand sum of $10,000 for two years services. Should not these gentlemen be thankful for what the Republicans of Mono have done for them; and should the Republicans not give their own candidates the preference this year? For Superior Judge the Republicans have William H. Virden, who has been a resident of the county these many long years, and has ever enjoyed the friendship and esteem of his fellow-citizens, and during all this time his character for honesty of purpose, and integrity in all business matters, has never been questioned. While he has had no experience on the bench, he has had important cases in our courts, and been as successful in their conduct as any of our lawyers have been. He was admitted last Winter to practice before the Supreme Court after a very searching and thorough examination in open Court, and if elected Superior Judge he will be an upright, conscientious Judge. As the nominee of the dominant party of the county there is no reason why he should not be elected.

Why should not William Stewart have a show at the Sheriff's salary the next two years? The salary of that officer will be reduced next Winter, and it would be very wrong for Republicans to compel Cody to keep the office another two years at a reduced salary.

The present Democratic District Attorney is not a candidate for re-election, and he will be succeeded by a Republican, H. M. Eddy. It is one of the most important offices, and should be filled by a first-class lawyer, although the salary does not correspond with the importance of the position.

INSULTING.—The Bodie Democratic sheet, pretending to be independent, has commenced its insulting references to the Republican county candidates. In its opinion none but Democrats are competent to fill an office in this county. The contemptible slurs of its sore-headed editor on William Stewart, Republican candidate for Sheriff, should bring to him the support of every Republican voter. The CHRONICLE-UNION has thrown no mud at Sheriff Cody, the Democratic nominee for re-election, and the throwing of mud at Republican candidates should be resented by a solid Republican vote. For the office of Sheriff, William Stewart is the equal of any Democrat in the county. He has been tried in responsible business positions and always acquitted himself to the satisfaction of his employers. As we said in a previous issue, he is a good business man, and well educated; is a good accountant, and will perform the duties pertaining to the office of Sheriff as well as any man in the county, then why not resent these insults, that Republicans are not fit to hold an office in a Republican county? Every two years we hear these insults.

TWENTY-ONERS.—At this election nineteen twenty-oners will vote in Mono county—7 Democrats and 12 Republicans.

WE congratulate everybody that the "mud slinging" term is fast drawing to a close.

BIRTH.

SCHELL—In Bridgeport, October 21st, to the wife of John A. Schell, a son.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

J. A. Brown, Treasurer, in account with Mono County, California.

1890.				
July 1.	To Balance in Treasury,			$16,956 90
	Receipts from July 1st, to Sept. 30, 1890, inclusive.			
	From whom received.	On what ac't received.		
1890.				
July 7.	John Lockwood,	Road Poll Taxes	100 00	
" "	Wm Price,	Road Poll Taxes	80 00	
" "	James Logan,	Road Poll Taxes	120 00	
" "	C L Hayes,	Delinquent Taxes, 1889	4 35	
" "	County Officers'	fees for June, 1890	161 80	
" "	M P Hays,	Licenses	2,170 00	
" 8.	J J Welch,	Personal property tax	431 95	
" "	J J Welch,	Poll and Hos. Tax	957 50	
" 28.	N Daniels,	Fees in Justices Court	9 00	
" 31.	W T Elliott,	State School Lands	128 00	
Aug. 4.	M P Hays,	License,	972 45	
" 7.	County Officers'	fees for July, 1890	163 40	
" 20.	Frank Shaw,	School Lands	33 60	
" "	R. G. Watkins,	"	11 20	
" "	D O Waltse,	"	11 20	
" 25.	State, Mono county	school money	541 19	
" "	J G Thompson,	School lands	22 40	
" 30.	J J Welch,	Hos. Tax.	5 40	
" "	J J Welch,	Poll and Hos. Tax	13 20	
Sept. 2.	M P Hayes,	Licenses	835 20	
" 19.	R C Christin,	Fees of Justice Court	30 00	
" 10.	Jas E Senes,	State School Land	169 96	
" "	H Friedman,	"	181 67	
" "	J E Pearson,	"	179 70	
" "	J D Atwater,	"	153 97	
" "	P Hennessy,	"	181 67	
" "	F Carl,	"	181 67	
" "	J D Atwater,	"	25 33	
" "	J W Hunt,	"	181 67	
" "	County Officers	Fees for August, 1890	182 60	3,289 58
				25,196 48
	Less warrants redeemed,			8,165 40
	Balance in Treasury, Oct. 1, 1890.			17,031 08

FUNDS.

—RECEIPTS—

State Fund,	4[illegible] 94
General Fund,	[illegible]01 5
Salary Fund,	810 [illegible]
State School Land Fund,	1, 82 [illegible]
County School Fund,	[illegible] 1 1[illegible]
Hospital Fund,	5[illegible] 20
Bond Fund,	[illegible] 00
Treasurer's Mileage Fund,	0 00
Bodie Township Road Fund,	109 [illegible]
Bridgeport Township Road Fund	120 00
Antelope Township Road Fund,	80 00
Unapportioned,	431 95
	$6,239 58

—DISBURSED.—

General Fund,	1861 31
Salary Fund,	3390 55
County School Fund,	0 00
Hospital Fund,	1299 22
State School Lands,	0 00
Bond Fund	500 00
Bodie District School Fund,	13 25
Bridgeport District School Fund,	17 70
Benton District School Fund,	75 00
Antelope District School Fund,	17 00
Antelope North District School Fund,	157 85
Antelope South District School Fund,	4 25
Lundy District School Fund,	18 66
Clinton District School Fund,	38 79
Mono Lake District School Fund,	0 00
Antelope Library Fund,	[illegible]
South Antelope "	14 00
Bodie Township Road Fund,	192 75
Bridgeport "	243 00
Benton "	161 54
Homer "	123 03
Antelope "	97 50
	$8,165 40

—BALANCE IN FUNDS.—

State Fund,	526 44	
General Fund,	4507 73	
Salary Fund,	0 00	
State School Land Fund,	1651 43	
State Swamp Land Fund,	7799 80	
Estate of Deceased Persons Fund,	27 47	
County School Fund,	0 00	
County Road Fund,	18	
Bond Fund,	265 50	
Bodie District School Fund,	128 42	
Bridgeport "	58 74	
Benton "	22 13	
Antelope "	48 71	
Antelope North "	48 71	
Antelope South "	58 77	
Lundy "	54 04	
Clinton "	48 71	
Mono Lake "	60 50	
Bodie District Library Fund,	120 07	
Bridgeport "	129 41	
Benton "	70 74	
Antelope "	34 64	
Antelope North "	56 65	
Antelope South "	28 42	
Lundy "	15 29	
Clinton "	35 85	
Mono Lake "	28 49	
Bodie Township Road Fund	12 00	
Clinton "	8 09	
Alpine Warrant Fund,	550 65	
Unapportioned Fund,	640 41	17,031 08

Estimate of Revenue, from Oct. 1st to Dec. 31st, 1890, based upon the receipts for the corresponding period of the preceding year, and apportioned to the several Funds.

FUNDS.

General Fund,	1621 10
Salary Fund,	982 11
State School Land Fund,	899 72
County School Fund,	223 35
Hospital Fund,	132 52
Bond Fund,	297 80
State Fund,	538 60
Bodie Township Road Fund,	81 00
Benton Township Road Fund,	82 00
Homer Township Road Fund,	82 00
Antelope Township Road Fund,	2 00
Suspense Fund,	14 88
	$4,356 48

The following transfers were made for the Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1890:

From Swamp Land Fund,		$ 530 00
From County Road Fund,		529 82
From General Fund,		2,567 26
From Bridgeport Library Fund,		8 00
		3,635 10
To County Road Fund,	530 00	
To Homer "	123 03	
To Bodie "	104 75	
To Bridgeport "	123 00	
To Antelope "	17 50	
To Benton "	161 54	
To Antelope School Fund,	7 08	
To North Antelope "	119 85	
To Clinton "	33 29	
To Bridgeport "	8 00	
To Salary Fund,	1,678 14	
To Hospital Fund,	728 92	3,635 10

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Mono Co., Cal.,
Sept. 30, 1890.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors,

GENTLEMEN:—

I herewith submit Report for Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1890, as per Sections 4228 of Political Code of the State of California, and 86 of the County Government Act.

Respectfully yours,

O. H. KISTER,
County Auditor.

Indorsed: Auditor's Report for Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1890.

Examined and found correct, this 7th day of Oct., 1890.

N. B. HUNEWILL,
Chairman.

Filed Oct. 6, 1890.
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

THE POLITICAL POT.

The candidates are looming up,
The pot begins to boil,
And schemes as dar[illegible]gypt's night
Are starting to uncoil.

Ah, age of silent winks and nods,
Ye men of spotless fame,
And chaff, and guff, and sundry "todds,"
T'were ever thus the same.

An iron buttonhole will stand
The pressure of the fray.
A rubber stomach too is good,
Until election day.

They strive, this band of genial men,
Like bulls against the bears,
But lucky is the man at last,
Who climbs the Court House stairs.

He surely laid the deepest plot,
Yet innocent and tame,
He wins the goal; he seems surprised,
But, "gets there just the same."

Bridgeport, Oct. 29, 1890. H. C.

EXPLANATION OF METHOD OF COUNTING BALLOTS.

1—Count the number of Ballots and replace in Ballot Box.

2—Open Ballots and place in separate piles, scratched Ballots of each party separate; and undesignated or scattering Ballots separate; unscratched Ballots of each party separate; then

3—Count the number of Ballots in each pile, making an official record thereof then

4—String all unscratched Ballots on one string, bind securely and replace in the box; then

5—Separately fasten and replace in the box each pile of scratched and undesignated Ballots; then

6—Free one package of scratched Ballots and take out Ballots, one at a time, and tally each name erased, and each name substituted thereon; then

7—After all scratched Ballots are taken out and tallied, the undesignated Ballots, if any, are be taken out, one by one, and each name thereon tallied; then

8—String all scratched and undesignated Ballots on another string and bind securely; then

9—In making up totals—1, give each candidate the total vote of his party ticket, scratched and unscratched; then—2, deduct number of times his name is erased; then—3, add number of times his name is substituted, and number of times his name appears on undesignated Ballots.

LINCOLN'S MELANCHOLY.

His Sympathetic Nature and His Early Misfortunes.

Those who saw much of Abraham Lincoln during the later years of his life, were greatly impressed with the expression of profound melancholy his face always wore in repose.

Mr. Lincoln was of a peculiarly sympathetic and kindly nature. Those strong characteristics influenced, very happily, as it proved, his entire political career. They would not seem, at first glance, to be efficient aids to political success; but in the peculiar emergency which Lincoln, in the providence of God, was called to meet, no vessel of common clay could possibly have become the "chosen of the Lord."

Those acquainted with him from boyhood knew that early griefs tinged his whole life with sadness. His partner in the grocery business at Salem was "Uncle" Billy Green, of Tallula, Ill., who used at night, when customers were few, to hold the grammar while Lincoln recited his lessons.

It was to his sympathetic ear Lincoln told the story of his love for sweet Ann Rutlidge; and he, in return, offered what comfort he could when poor Ann died, and Lincoln's great heart nearly broke.

"After Ann died," says "Uncle" Billy, "on stormy nights, when the wind blew the rain against the roof, Abe would set thar in the grocery, his elbows on his knees, his face in his hands, and the tears runnin' through his fingers. I hated to see him feel bad, an' I'd say, 'Abe, don't cry'; an' he'd look up an' say 'I can't help it, Bill, the rain's a fallin' on her.'"

There are many who can sympathize with this overpowering grief, as they think of a lost loved one, when "the rain's a fallin' on her." What adds poignancy to the grief some times is the thought that the lost one might have been saved.

Fortunate, indeed, is William Johnson, of Corona, L. I., a builder, who writes June 28, 1890: "Last February, on returning from church one night, my daughter complained of having a pain in her ankle. The pain gradually extended until her entire limb was swollen and very painful to the touch. We called a physician, who after careful examination, pronounced it disease of the kidneys of long standing. All we could do, did not seem to benefit her until we tried Warner's Safe Cure; from the first she commenced to improve. When she commenced taking it she could not turn over in bed, and could just move her hands a little, but to-day she is as well as she ever was. I believe I owe the recovery of my daughter to its use."

A Rat Sacrifices a Leg.

A rat got caught by the leg in a store and squealed loudly for mercy, says a Maine exchange. The proprietor of the store watched the rat, which continued to squeal. Finally another rat crept cautiously out and walked up to his unfortunate companion and evidently took the situation in, for they seemed to talk with each other and arrived at the conclusion that the captured rat's chances were desperate, for the second one began to gnaw the unfortunate rat's leg off, allowing it to escape, which it did, limping away on three legs, the other leg remaining in the trap. It almost seemed as if they had deliberated over the case and had reached the only possible means of escape.

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as correctly and fashionably as her city friends.

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IMPLEMENTS.

PACIFIC SEA ISLANDS.

Remains of a Civilization of Remote Antiquity.

Mysterious Ruins Found in Places Inhabited at This Day by Tattooed Savages—A Great Field for Lovers of Archaeology.

Modern science, which has brought to light buried Troy, revealed the place of ancient Babylon, untombed the mummy of the Pharaoh of Moses, and constructed somewhat of a history for the Aztecs and the mound-builders, stands baffled before the mysterious ruins of the Pacific Sea islands, writes a correspondent of the Chicago News.

Kusaie, otherwise known as Strong Island, of the Caroline archipelago, with a circumference of fifty miles, is covered with massive ruins of a remote date. They bear the outlines of fortifications, and are built of stones ten feet long, duly squared on six sides, of a geological formation not met with on the island.

Ascension Island, known also as Panape, is larger than Kusaie, possesses similar ruins, but much larger. In one place there remains a wall 300 feet long and 30 feet high, forming a court.

Little Easter Island, on the eastern outskirts of Polynesia, has no running water, no trees, nothing to attract inhabitants. Yet this island is peopled by Polynesians of the fair type, such as are found far away in the Society islands, and is covered with remains of a pre-historic civilization of which every record but that of stone has perished.

At the southwest end of the island there are to be found the ruins of nearly a hundred stone houses, built in regular lines and facing the sea. The walls of these houses are five feet thick and over five feet high, built of layers of flat stones and lined inside with flat slabs. Internally the houses measure about forty feet long by thirteen feet wide, and they are roofed over with slabs overlapping like tiles. The inside walls are painted in three colors—red, black and white—with figures of birds and mystic beasts and faces, and geometrical figures. In one of these houses was found a curious stone statue, eight feet high, and weighing about four tons, which is now in the British Museum.

The sea-cliffs near this ancient settlement are carved into grotesque shapes not unlike the paintings on the walls, and the coast is marked with hundreds of these strange sculptures.

Again, on each headland of the island there is an enormous stone platform, built of hewn blocks of great size fitted together without cement. They are built on sloping ground, presenting on the seaward side a wall-face twenty or thirty feet high and two or three hundred feet long, and on the landward side a wall of about three feet in height rising from a leveled terrace.

Upon these platforms are stone pedestals which have supported images, and on some broken figures remain. On one platform fifteen images were found, in size ranging from three to thirty-five feet in height. They are of human shape, representing the upper part of the body only, with arms and hands close to the sides. The heads are cut flat to allow of crowns being placed on them, which crowns seem to have been made, not of the same material as the statues, but of red tufa. This has been traced to an extinct crater within a few miles of the houses, and on the brink of this crater a large number of crowns were found, finished and ready for removal before some strange fate depeopled the island of these ancient worshipers.

The images themselves are made of gray lava, which is only found at quite another crater at the other end of the island. At this crater—called Otouli—there are several finished and partly finished images, just as they were left by the workmen. The head of one of these measures twenty feet from the nape of the neck to the crown. The faces of the images have well-defined features, with thin lips, broad noses, expanded nostrils, and a general disdainful expression. It is believed, from the appearance of the eye-sockets, that obsidian eyeballs were intended to be inserted. The ears are very carefully carved, and are prominent.

There are also, in different parts of the island, wooden tablets covered with curious carvings and strange hieroglyphics, which no one can explain.

At Oparo, or Rapaiti, Captain Vine Hall found a temple, or castle, in five stages, surrounded by walls which inclose stone houses, and also square platforms of stone on the sides of one of the hills, similar to those on Easter island. This isle is 2,000 miles from Panapo, but the inhabitants of the latter say their ancestors came from Oparo.

Who were these ancient people? The ruins present an antiquity equal to that of the prehistoric civilizations of America. The present inhabitants are simply tattooed savages. The ancient race possessed intelligence far beyond anything now found in the Pacific; had ideas of architecture, sculpture, painting and engineering and an elaborate religion. Archæologists and ethnologists have given us no light yet. The mystery of the Pacific awaits solution.

The True Gentleman of Leisure.

We hear a great deal about gentlemen of leisure. Your true gentleman of leisure is the man who does not have to work for his living; but who, out of the gentleness and chivalry of his nature, delights so to live as to be a help and an encouragement, and perchance a burden bearer, for those who are compelled to work, in order to keep alive and maintain their self respect. No man of leisure can maintain his claim to be called a gentleman, when he is merely a loafer, a trifler, or a pleasure seeker. Such use of life makes one ungentle, selfish, base.

Stole From His Wife.

A Superior (Wis.) man is on trial for stealing a gold watch, a pair of diamond earrings, and two rings from his wife.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENeral election will be held throughout the State of California on

TUESDAY, the FOURTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1890,

when the following officers will be elected, viz:

Governor.
Lieutenant-Governor.
Secretary of State.
Controller.
Treasurer.
Attorney-General.
Surveyor General.
Clerk of the Supreme Court.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Six Representatives to the Congress of the United States, to be elected from the following districts:

1. From the First Congressional District, comprising the Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Trinity, Siskiyou, Shasta, Modoc, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra, Tehama, Colusa, Mendocino, Lake, Sonoma, and Napa, one Representative.

2. From the Second Congressional District, comprising the Counties of Butte, Sutter, Yuba, Nevada, Placer, El Dorado, Amador, Calaveras, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Tuolumne, and Mariposa, one Representative.

3. From the Third Congressional District, comprising the Counties of Yolo, Sacramento, Solano, Contra Costa, Marin, and Alameda, one Representative.

4. From the Fourth Congressional District, comprising all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco described as follows, viz: Commencing at the intersection of Bryant Street, with the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of Bryant Street to the center of Seventh Street, thence along the center of Seventh Street to the center of Market Street; thence along the center of Market Street to the center of McAllister Street; thence along the center of McAllister Street to the center of Leavenworth Street; thence along the center of Leavenworth Street to the center of Sutter Street; thence along the center of Sutter Street to the center of Hyde Street; thence along the center of Hyde Street to the center of California Street; thence along the center of California Street to its intersection with the east line of the City Cemetery; thence northerly in a direct line to the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence along the shore in an easterly direction to the place of beginning, together with all the islands within the boundaries of the City and County of San Francisco, one Representative.

5. From the Fifth Congressional District, comprising all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco not included in the Fourth Congressional District, together with the counties of San Mateo, Santa Cruz, and Santa Clara, one Representative.

6. From the Sixth Congressional District, comprising the Counties of San Benito, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Ventura, Kern, Tulare, Fresno, Alpine, Mono, Inyo, San Bernardino, Los Angeles, Orange, and San Diego, one Representative.

One Representative to the Congress of the United States, to be elected from the First Congressional District, comprising the Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Trinity, Siskiyou, Shasta, Modoc, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra, Tehama, Colusa, Mendocino, Lake, Sonoma, and Napa, for the unexpired term, ending March 4, A. D. 1891; vice J. J. De Haven, resigned.

Three Railroad Commissioners, to be elected from the following districts:

1. From the First District, composed of the Counties of Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Del Norte, El Dorado, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Plumas, Sacramento, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba, one Commissioner.

2. From the Second District, composed of the Counties of Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo, one Commissioner.

3. From the Third District composed of the Counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Orange, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, Monterey, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, Tulare, Tuolumne, and Ventura, one Commissioner.

Four Members of the State Board of Equalization, to be elected from the following districts:

1. From the First District, composed of the County of San Francisco, one member.

2. From the Second District, composed of the Counties of Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Contra Costa, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Tuolumne, one member.

3. From the Third District, composed of the Counties of Butte, Colusa, Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba, one member.

4. From the Fourth District, composed of the Counties of Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Orange, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, Monterey, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, Tulare, and Ventura, one member.

One Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, full term.

One Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, for the unexpired term ending January, 1895; vice Charles N. Fox, appointed.

One Judge of the Superior Court in and for each of the following counties: Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa, Del Norte, El Dorado, Fresno, Humboldt, Inyo, Kern, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mariposa, Mendocino, Merced, Modoc, Mono, Monterey, Nevada, Napa, Placer, Plumas, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Stanislaus, Sutter and Yuba jointly, Tehama, Trinity, Tuolumne, Tulare, Ventura, Yolo and Orange.

Two Judges of the Superior Court in and for each of the following counties: Alameda, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Santa Clara, and Sonoma.

Three Judges of the Superior Court in and for the County of San Diego.

Four Judges of the Superior Court in and for the County of Los Angeles.

Four Judges of the Superior Court in and for the City and County of San Francisco.

One Judge of the Superior Court in and for the County of Humboldt, for the unexpired term ending January, A. D. 1891; vice G. W. Hunter, appointed.

One Judge of the Superior Court in and for the County of San Bernardino, for the unexpired term ending January, A. D. 1891; vice C. W. C. Rowell, appointed.

One Judge of the Superior Court in and for the City and County of San Francisco, for the unexpired term ending January, A. D. 1893; vice F. W. Van Reynegom, appointed.

One Judge of the Superior Court in and for the City and County of San Francisco, for the unexpired term ending January, A. D. 1891; vice James McM. Shafter, appointed.

One Judge of the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, for the unexpired term ending January, A. D. 1891; vice E. F. Fitzpatrick, appointed.

State Senators, from the following Senatorial Districts:

From the Second District, composed of the Counties of Trinity, Siskiyou, and Shasta, one Senator.

From the Fourth District, composed of the County of Butte, one Senator.

From the Sixth District, composed of the Counties of Mendocino and Lake, one Senator.

From the Eighth District, composed of the Counties of Colusa and Tehama, one Senator.

From the Tenth District, composed of the County of Sonoma, one Senator.

From the Twelfth District, composed of the Counties of Yuba and Sutter, one Senator.

From the Fourteenth District, composed of the Counties of Amador and Calaveras, one Senator.

From the Sixteenth District, composed of the County of Alameda, comprising the First, Fourth and Sixth Wards of the City of Oakland, together with the Precincts of west Berkeley, Bay, and Ocean View, one Senator.

From the Eighteenth District, composed of the County of Alameda, comprising the Townships of Alameda, Eden, Washington, Murray, and Brooklyn Number Two, one Senator.

From the Twentieth District, composed of all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Green Street with the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the center of the following named streets: Green to Mason, Mason to Sutter, Sutter to Kearny, Kearny to Sacramento, Sacramento to Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, one Senator.

From the Twenty second District, composed of all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Hyde Street with the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the center of the following named streets: Hyde to Sutter, sutter to Van Ness, Van Ness to Eddy, Eddy to Devisadero, Devisadero to Turk, Turk to First Avenue, First Avenue to Avenue B, Avenue B to its intersection with the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence northerly and easterly along the shore of the Pacific Ocean and the Bay of San Francisco the place of beginning, together with the islands known as the Farallone Islands, one Senator.

From the Twenty-fourth District composed of all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center of Bryant and Fifth Streets; thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Seventh, Seventh to Market, Market to McAllister, McAllister to Leavenworth, Leavenworth to Sutter, Sutter to Mason, Mason to Market, Market to Fifth, and Fifth to place of beginning, one Senator.

From the Twenty-sixth District, composed of all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center of Bryant Street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Channel, Channel to Harrison, Harrison to Fourteenth, Fourteenth to Guerrero, Guerrero to Twentieth, Twentieth to Napa, Napa to its intersection with the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, one Senator.

From the Twenty eighth District, composed of all that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of a continuation of the line of K Street and the waters of the Pacific Ocean, continuing thence along the center of K Street or Avenue to its easterly limit; thence in a direct line easterly to an intersection of the western limit of Eighteenth Street; thence along the center of the following named streets: Eighteenth to Guerrero, Guerrero to Twentieth, Twentieth to Napa, Napa to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore southerly to its intersection with the boundary line dividing the Counties of San Francisco and San Mateo; thence along said line to its intersection with the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence northerly along the shore to the place of beginning, one Senator.

From the Thirtieth District, composed of the Counties of Merced, Stanislaus, and Tuolumne, one Senator,

From the Thirty-second District, composed of all that portion of Santa Clara County not included in the Thirty-first District, which consists of all that portion of Santa Clara County comprising the Townships of Redwood, Almaden, Gilroy, Burnett, and that portion of San Jose Township included in the election precincts of East San Jose, Mt. Hamilton, Evergreen, Oak Grove, the Third Ward of the City of San Jose, and that portion of the election precinct San Jose No. Five lying south of the northern boundary line of the City of San Jose, and the said boundary line prolonged westerly to the township line dividing the Townships of Santa Clara and San Jose; one Senator.

From the Thirty-fourth District, composed of the counties of Alpine, Mono, Mariposa, and Fresno, one Senator.

From the Thirty-sixth District, composed of the Counties of Inyo, Tulare, and Kern, one Senator,

From the Thirty-eighth District, composed of all that portion of the County of Los Angeles consisting of the City and Township of Los Angeles, and the Townships of Soledad, San Fernando, La Ballona, and San Antonio, one Senator.

From the Fortieth District, composed of the Counties of San Bernardino and San Diego, one Senator.

Members of the Assembly, as follows:

1. The Counties of Del Norte and Siskiyou, one member.

2. That portion of the County of Humboldt comprising the Townships of Orleans, Klamath, Trinidad, Mad River, Union, Eureka, and Bucksport, one member.

3. All that portion of Humboldt County not included in the Second Assembly District, one member.

4. The Counties of Trinity and Shasta, one member,

5. The Counties of Modoc and Lassen, one member.

6. The Counties of Plumas and Sierra, one member.

7. The County of Tehama, one member.

8. That portion of the County of Butte comprising all of Chico and Dayton Townships; all of Oregon Township lying west of the meridian line dividing ranges two and three east, in townships 20 and 21 north, Mount Diablo base and meridian; all of Hamilton Township, except that part of said township lying east of the section boundary lines of sections four, nine, and sixteen, and north of sections twenty-seven, twenty-six, and twenty-five, township nineteen north, range three east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, as laid down on the official map of said Butte County; and all of Gridley Township, in said county, as recently set off from Hamilton Township by the Board of Supervisors of said county, one member.

9. All that portion of Butte County not included in the Eighth Assembly District, one member.

10. The County of Colusa, one member.

11. The County of Mendocino, one member.

12. The County of Lake, one member.

13. The Counties of Sutter and Yuba, one member.

14. All that portion of the County of Nevada comprising the Townships of Nevada, Bloomfield, and Eureka, and the Precincts of Cherokee and North San Juan, in Bridgeport Township, one member.

15. All that portion of the County of Nevada not included in the Fourteenth Assembly District, one member,

16. The County of Placer, one member.

17. The County of El Dorado, one member.

18. All that portion of the County of Sacramento comprising the First and Third Wards of Sacramento City, one member.

19. All that portion of the County of Sacramento comprising the Second and Fourth Wards of Sacramento City, one member.

20. All that portion of the County of Sacramento not included in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Assembly Districts, one member.

21. The County of Yolo, one member.

22. The County of Napa, one member.

23. That portion of the County of Sonoma comprising the Townships of Cloverdale, Washington, Mendocino, Salt Point, Redwood, Bodega, and Ocean, one member.

24. That portion of the County of Sonoma comprising the Townships of Annally, Santa Rosa, Knight's Valley, and Russian River, one member.

25. All that portion of the County of Sonoma not included in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Assembly Districts, one member.

26. All that portion of the County of Solano comprising the Townships of Vallejo and Benicia, one member.

27. All that portion of the County of Solano not included in the Twenty-sixth Assembly District, one member.

28. The County of Marin, one member.

29. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection where the center line of Bryant Street intersects the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to First, First to Minna, Minna to Second, Second to Market, Market to Kearny, Kearny to Sacramento, Sacramento to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore to the place of beginning, one member.

30. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center of Bryant and First Streets, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Third, Third to Market, Market to Second, Second to Minna, Minna to First, and First to the place of beginning, one member.

31. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Sacramento Street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Sacramento to Kearny, Kearny to Sutter, Sutter to Stockton, Stockton to Pacific, Pacific to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, together with all the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, and the islands contained therein, situated within the boundaries of the City and County of San Francisco, one member.

32. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Pacific Street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Pacific to Stockton, Stockton to Sutter, Sutter to Mason, Mason to Green, Green to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco to the place of beginning, one member.

33. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of Green Street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Green to Mason, Mason to Sutter, Sutter to Jones, Jones to Greenwich, Greenwich to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, one member.

34. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Greenwich Street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Greenwich to Jones Jones to Sutter, Sutter to Hyde, Hyde to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, one member.

35. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the center of Bryant and Third Streets, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Fourth, Fourth to Market, Market to Stockton, Stockton to Sutter, Sutter to Kearny, Kearny to Market, Market to Third, Third to the place of beginning, one member.

36. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Fourth and Bryant Streets; thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Fifth, Fifth to Market, Market to Mason, Mason to Sutter, Sutter to Stockton, Stockton to Market, Market to Fourth, and Fourth to place of beginning, one member.

37. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Fifth and Bryant Streets, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Sixth, Sixth to Market, Market to Taylor, Taylor to Sutter, Sutter to Mason, Mason to Market, Market to Fifth, and Fifth to the place of beginning, one member.

38. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Sixth and Bryant Streets, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Seventh, Seventh to Market, Market to McAllister, McAllister to Leavenworth, Leavenworth to Sutter, Sutter to Taylor, Taylor to Market, Market to Sixth, and Sixth to the place of beginning, one member.

39. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows, Commencing at the intersection of Bryant and Seventh Streets, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Eighth, Eighth to Market, Market to Larkin, Larkin to Sutter, Sutter to Leavenworth, Leavenworth to McAllister, McAllister to Market, Market to Seventh, and Seventh to the place of beginning, one member.

40. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Bryant and Eighth Streets, continuing along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Eleventh, Eleventh to Market, Market to Van Ness, Van Ness to Sutter, Sutter to Larkin, Larkin to Market, Market to Eighth, and Eighth to the place of beginning, one member.

41. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Hyde Street with the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of Hyde Street to the center of California Street; thence along the center of California Street in a direct line to its intersection with the east line of the City Cemetery; thence northerly in a direct line to the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence along the shore in an easterly direction to the place of beginning, one member.

42. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Avenue B and the waters of the Pacific Ocean, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Avenue B to First Avenue, First Avenue to Turk street, Turk to Devisadero, Devisadero to Eddy, Eddy to Van Ness, Van Ness to Sutter, Sutter to Hyde, Hyde to California, California to the east line of the City Cemetery; thence northerly in a direct line to the waters of the Pacific Ocean, thence along the shore in a westerly and southerly direction to the place of beginning, together with the islands known as the Farallone Islands, one member.

43. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Avenue B and the waters of the Pacific Ocean, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Avenue B to First Avenue, First Avenue to Turk, Turk to Devisadero, Devisadero to Eddy, Eddy to Van Ness, Van Ness to Fell, Fell to Stanyan, Stanyan to D, D to the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence along the shore of said ocean to the place of beginning, one member.

44. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows; Commencing at the intersection of Avenue D and the waters of the Pacific Ocean, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Avenue D to Stanyan, Stanyan to Fell, Fell to Van Ness, Van Ness to Market, Market to Eleventh, Eleventh to Channel, Channel to Harrison, Harrison to Fourteenth, Fourteenth to Guerrero, Guerrero to Eighteenth; thence along Eighteenth to its westerly end; thence in a direct line westerly to an intersection of the eastern limit of K Street [or Avenue]; thence along K to the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence northerly along the shore to the place of beginning, one member.

45. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Guerrero and Fourteenth Streets, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Fourteenth to Harrison, Harrison to Channel, Channel to Bryant, Bryant to Seventh, Seventh to Mississippi, Mississippi to Napa, Napa to Twentieth, Twentieth to Guerrero, and Guerrero to the place of beginning, one member.

46. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Bryant Street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: Bryant to Seventh, Seventh to Mississippi, Mississippi to Napa, Napa to the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, and thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, one member.

47. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Napa street and the waters of the Bay of San Francisco, continuing along the center of the following named streets: Napa to Howard, Howard to Army, Army to Mission; thence along the county road to its intersection with the boundary line dividing the Counties of San Francisco and San Mateo; thence along said boundary line to its intersection with the waters of the Bay of San Francisco; thence along the shore of said bay to the place of beginning, one member.

48. All that portion of the City and County of San Francisco bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of K Street and the waters of the Pacific Ocean, continuing thence along the center of the following named streets: K to its easterly limit; thence in a direct line to the westerly end of Eighteenth, Eighteenth to Guerrero, Guerrero to Twentieth, Twentieth to Howard, Howard to Army, Army to Mission; thence along the county road to its intersection with the boundary line dividing the Counties of San Francisco and San Mateo; thence along said line to the waters of the Pacific Ocean; thence along the shore of said ocean to the place of beginning, one member.

49. The County of San Mateo, one member.

50. The County of Santa Cruz, one member.

51. All that portion of Alameda county comprising Townships of Murray and Washington, and that certain portion of Eden Township within the corporate limits of the Town of Haywards, and that portion of said Eden Township known as Castro Valley election precinct, described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a point where the northerly line of the Town of Haywards is intersected by the dividing line between San Lorenzo and Castro Valley election precincts; thence along said dividing line of said precincts to the middle line of San Leandro Creek; thence easterly and northerly along the middle line of said creek to the dividing line of Alameda and Contra Costa counties; thence easterly and southerly along said dividing line of said counties to its point of intersection with the dividing line of Eden and Murray Townships aforesaid; thence along said dividing line between Eden and Murray Townships to the corner of Eden, Murray, and Washington Townships; thence westerly along the line dividing the Townships of Washington and Eden to the middle of the mountain road from Haywards; thence northerly along the middle of said road to the southerly boundary line of the Town of Haywards; thence along the boundary line of Haywards and Castro Valley election precincts to the place of beginning, one member.

52. All that portion of Alameda county comprising so much of Eden Township as is not included in the Fifty-first Assembly District, and that portion of Brooklyn Township lying outside of the City of Oakland, and all of Alameda Township, one member.

53. All that portion of Alameda county comprising the Sixth and Fourth Wards of the City of Oakland, described as follows: Beginning at the point in the westerly line of the Seventh Ward where the same is intersected by Tenth street produced; thence westerly along said Tenth street to Adaline street; thence southerly along said Adaline street to the northerly line of Alameda Township; thence easterly along said line of Alameda Township to where the same is intersected by the dividing line between the said Sixth and Seventh Wards; thence northerly along said dividing line to the point of beginning, one member.

54. All that portion of Alameda county comprising the First Ward of the City of Oakland, being all that portion of said City of Oakland lying west of Adaline street; and all that portion of the County of Alameda, being a portion of Oakland Township, lying outside said City of Oakland, bounded as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the northern charter line of the City of Oakland with the dividing line between Bay and Temescal election precincts; thence northerly along said dividing line to where it intersects the southerly line of Berkeley election precinct; thence westerly along said line of said Berkeley election precinct to the dividing line between Berkeley and West Berkeley election precincts; thence northerly along said dividing line last named to the southerly line of Ocean View election precinct; thence easterly along said last named line to the dividing line between Alameda and Contra Costa counties; thence northwesterly and westerly along said Alameda and Contra Costa boundary line of Alameda county and the City and County of San Francisco; thence southerly along said last named boundary line to the said northern charter line of the City of Oakland; thence easterly along said last named line to the point of beginning, one member.

55. All that portion of Alameda county comprising the Second and Third Wards of the City of Oakland, and bounded as follows:—Commencing at the intersection of the northern charter line of the City of Oakland with the center line of Adaline Street; thence southerly along said center line of Adaline Street to where the same is intersected by the center line of Tenth Street; thence easterly along said center line of Tenth Street to the center line of Broadway; thence northerly along the center line of Broadway to the dividing line between the Second and Fifth Wards; thence easterly along said dividing line last named to the dividing line between the Second and Seventh Wards; thence northerly along said last named line to the said northern charter line; thence westerly along said last named line to the point of beginning, one member.

56. All that portion of Alameda county comprising all of Oakland Township outside of the City of Oakland, and not included in the Fifty-fourth Assembly District, and all of the City of Oakland constituting the Fifth and Seventh Wards, not included in the Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, and Fifty-fifth Assembly Districts, one member.

57. The County of Contra Costa, one member.

58. All that portion of the County of San Joaquin comprising the City of Stockton, one member.

59. All that portion of San Joaquin county not included in the Fifty-eighth District, one member.

60. The County of Amador, one member.

61. The County of Calaveras, one member.

62. The County of Tuolumne, one member.

63. All that portion of the County of Santa Clara comprising the Townships of Almaden, Redwood, Fremont, Alviso, and Santa Clara, one member.

64. All that portion of the County of Santa Clara comprising the City of San Jose, one member.

65. All that portion of Santa Clara county comprising the Townships of Milpitas, Burnett, and Gilroy and all of the Township of San Jose, except the City of San Jose, one member.

66. The County of Stanislaus, one member.

67. The Counties or Merced and Mariposa, one member.

68. The County of San Benito, one member.

69. The County of Monterey, one member.

70. The County of Fresno, one member.

71. The County of Tulare, one member.

72. The Counties of Alpine, Mono and Inyo, one member.

73. The County of San Luis Obispo, one member.

74. The County of Santa Barbara, one member.

75. The Counties of Kern and Ventura, one member.

76. All that portion of Los Angeles county contained in the Townships of Soledad, San Fernando, El Monte, San Gabriel, La Ballona, Azusa, Wilmington, San Antonio, and all that portion of Los Angeles Township not contained within the city limits of Los Angeles City, one member.

77. That portion of Los Angeles county contained within the limits of the City of Los Angeles, one member.

78. The County of Orange and all that portion of the County of Los Angeles not included in the Seventy-sixth and Seventy-seventh Assembly Districts one member.

79. The County of San Bernardino, one member.

80. The County of San Diego, one member.

The Legislature, at its twenty-eighth session proposed an amendment to Section 8, Article XI, relating to the adoption of charters of cities. The Constitution provides that the Legislature shall submit amendments to the people in such manner and at such time as is expedient. The Legislature having failed to provide for the submission of the above amendment, I am not justified in calling upon the people to vote thereupon

And I do hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars.

In witness whereof, I, R. W. Waterman, Governor of the State of California, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, at the City of Sacramento, on this, the first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

R. W. WATERMAN,
Governor;

[SEAL.]
Attest:
WM. C. HENDRICKS,
Secretary of State.

The Governor's Proclamation, calling a General Election on the 4th day of November, 1890, having been received and filed: Now, on motion of Creaser, seconded by Bump,; It is ordered by unanimous vote that the same be printed in the BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION, together with the following Proclamation issued by the Board of Supervisors of Mono County, California, this day in conformity with the provisions of Section 1055, of the Political Code of the State of California:

For County and Township Officers, the following shall be voted for:

1—Sheriff, who is Tax Collector,
2—County Clerk, who is Auditor and Recorder
3—Assessor,
4—Treasurer,
5—District Attorney,
6—Coroner, who is Public Administrator.
7—Superintendent of Schools,
8—Surveyor,
9—Supervisor—District Number One,
10—Supervisor—District Number Three, unexpired term.
11—Supervisor—District Number Five,
12—Two Justices of the Peace and two Constables—Bodie Township,
13—Two Justices of the Peace and two Constables—Benton Township,
14—Two Justices of the Peace and two Constables—Antelope Township,
15—Two Justices of the Peace and two Constables—Homer Township,
16—Two Justices of the Peace and two Constables—Bridgeport Township,
17—Two Justices of the Peace and two Constables—Clinton Township.
18—One Road Overseer for District No. 1,
19—One Road Overseer for District No. 2,
20—One Road Overseer for District No. 3,
21—One Road Overseer for District No. 4,
22—One Road Overseer for District No. 5,
23—One Road Overseer for District No. 6,
24—One Road Overseer for District No. 7.

And the following named persons are appointed as Board of Election of the respective Election Precincts of Mono County, California, and the following named houses or places are designated within the respective Precincts as places where the Election must be held on

NOVEMBER 4, 1890.

PRECINCTS.

BENTON—Inspectors, J. J. McBride and Peter Geelhoed; Judges, O. Berirand and Thomas Edwards; and Wm. Wetherill and D. F. Donnelly, Clerks, the election to be held at the School House.,

MONO MILLS—Inspectors, John Langrill and George C. Kinny; Judges, J. L. C. Sherwin and G. Felisent; and. ——, Clerks; the election to beat held the Company's Boarding House.

BODIE EAST—Inspectors, Rod McInnis and W. A. R. Loose; Judges, F. Pelsey and James Harvey; and N. H. Gregory and A. Soderling, Clerks; the election to be held in the Wide Awake Hose Company's house.

BODIE WEST—Inspectors, Andrew Smith and R. McAlpin; Judges, C. B. Donnelly and M. T. Chappell; and John Cummings and Charles Kuhlmann, Clerks; the election to be held in Louis Larvins' old store.

VERNON—Inspectors, Paulus Mattly and Thomas Silvester; Judges, J. G. Thompson and D. E. Jones; and A. McNabb and S. B. Bankham, Clerks; the election to be held in the Fraser House, Thompson's Ranch;

LUNDY Inspectors, Edward Green and P. Regan; Judges, John Backer and Paul Rouse; and R. G. Montrose and Jasper Parrott, Clerks; the election to be held in Fraser Hall.

BRIDGEPORT—Inspectors, A. J. Bevers and A. C. Folger; Judges, J. F. Crowell and C. M. Stewart; and W. T. Elliott and Wm. O. Parker, Clerks; the election to be held in Bryant's Hall.

CLINTON—Inspectors' B. T. Brown and Alex Kilpatrick; Judges, John Dawson and Geo. W. Van Sickle; and J. W. Sheehan and J. Patterson; Clerks; the election to be held at the School House.

ANTELOPE—Inspectors, B. Terry and George Chichester; Judges, Wm. Boardman and J. F. Owens; and Martin Shields and H. F. Barnett, Clerks; the election to be held in Barnett's old house.

Attest: A true copy.
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.
Dated Bridgeport, October 8, 1890. o11-td

MINING NOTICES.

Notice of Assessment.

MONO GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Location of works, Bodie Mining District, Bodie, Mono county, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 18th day of Sept. 1890, an assessment, No. 20, of 25 cents per share was levied upon the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary at the office of the Company, Room 62, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 28th day of October, 1890, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before will be sold on

TUESDAY, the 2d day of DECEMBER, 1890, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.

B. L. BURLING, Secretary.

OFFICE—Room 62, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California.
(s20-td)

Notice of Assessment.

GOLETA MINING COMPANY.

Location of Principal Place of Business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Jordan Mining District, Mono County, California.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 16th day of September, 1890, an assessment, No. 1, of 10 cents per share, was levied upon the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable immediately in United States Gold Coin to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Rooms 18 and 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 27th day of October, 1890, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and, unless payment is made before, will be sold on Monday, the 24th day of November, 1890, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.

D. M. KENT, Secretary.

OFFICE—Rooms 18 and 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California. s29-td

Notice of Assessment.

MONTECITO MINING COMPANY.

Location of Principal Place of Business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Jordan Mining District, Mono County, California.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 16th day of September, 1890, an assessment, No. 1, of 10 cents per share, was levied upon the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable immediately in United States Gold Coin to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Rooms 18 and 19, No. 330 Pine Street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 27th day of October, 1890, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and, unless payment is made before, will be sold on